U.S. Department of Justice
Washington, DC 20530

Exhibit A
To Registration Statement
Under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended

OMB No. 1105-0003

Furnish this exhibit for EACH foreign principal listed in an initial statement and for EACH additional foreign principal acquired subsequently.

1. Name and address of registrant
JETRO, Atlanta
229 Peachtree Street, N.E.
Suite 2011, Atlanta, Georgia 30303

2. Registration No.
4069

3. Name of foreign principal
Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO)

4. Principal address of foreign principal
2-2-5 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan

5. Indicate whether your foreign principal is one of the following type:

☐ Foreign government

☐ Foreign political party

☒ Foreign or ☐ domestic organization: If either, check one of the following:

☐ Partnership
☐ Corporation
☐ Association
☐ Committee
☐ Voluntary group
☒ Other (specify) A non-profit corporation organized by special Act of the Japanese Diet

☐ Individual—State his nationality

6. If the foreign principal is a foreign government, state:

a) Branch or agency represented by the registrant.

b) Name and title of official with whom registrant deals. N/A

7. If the foreign principal is a foreign political party, state:

a) Principal address

b) Name and title of official with whom the registrant deals. N/A

c) Principal aim

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8. If the foreign principal is not a foreign government or a foreign political party:

a) State the nature of the business or activity of this foreign principal To conduct research in matters concerning foreign trade, and publicity of the results of the above research (including matters concerning industrial design); information and publicity of industries and merchandise of Japan; expediting of trade transactions; issuing and distribution of publications on foreign trade; holding of or participation in exhibits, trade fairs, and the like; or assistance in holding of or participation in the same.

b) Is this foreign principal

Owned by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal ..... Yes ☒ No ☐

Directed by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal..... Yes ☒ No ☐

Controlled by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal ..... Yes ☒ No ☐

Financed by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal..... Yes ☒ No ☐

Subsidized in whole by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal..... Yes ☐ No ☒

Subsidized in part by a foreign government, foreign political party, or other foreign principal..... Yes ☒ No ☐

9. Explain fully all items answered "Yes" in Item 8(b). *(If additional space is needed, a full insert page may be used.)*

See articles 10, 13, 14, 18, 22, 24, 25, 27, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33 of the attached copy of the Law Concerning the Establishment of the Japan External Trade Organization

10. If the foreign principal is an organization and is not owned or controlled by a foreign government, foreign political party or other foreign principal, state who owns and controls it.

N/A

Date of Exhibit A	Name and Title	Signature
Nov. 20, 1987	Shusaku Hirano, Executive Dir.	Shusaku Hirano

The Law Concerning Japan External Trade Organization

(Law No.95, April 26, 1958)
(Revised Law No. 169, July 11, 1958)
(Revised Law No. 61, April 18, 1964)
(Revised Law No. 131, June 11, 1965)

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Supplementary Provisions
Note : Incidental Resolution of the House of Representatives

Chapter 1. General Provisions

(Object)

Article 1. The object of Japan External Trade Organization is to carry out collectively and effectively the activities concerning the promotion of Japan's international trade.

(Incorporation)

Artiele 2. Japan External Trade Organization (hereinafter referred to JETRO) is to be incorporated as a juridical person.

(Offices)

Article 3-1. The head office of JETRO is located in Tokyo Metropolis.

2. JETRO may establish its subordinate offices in the areas deemed to be necessary with approval of the Minister of International Trade and Industry.

(Capital)

Article 4-1. The capital of JETRO is to be two (2) billion yen, and the full amount of which is to be invested by the Government, as appropriated for the funds stipulated in the item 2, Paragraph 1 of the Article 11 of the Law concerning the Funds for Economic Groundwork and the Funds for Special Corporations (Law No. 169, 1958), in accordance with the provisions of the item 4, Article 10 of the same law. (Revised Law No. 169)

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2. The Government may invest an additional fund in JETRO within the scope of amount decided on the budget when it is recognized to be necessary. (Revised Law No. 61)

3. If an investment by the Government under the provisions of the above paragraph is made, JETRO shall increase its capital depending on the amount of additional investment. (Revised Law No. 61)

4. With respect to the funds provided for in the paragraph 1 above, they have to be regulated in accordance with the provisions of the law stipulated in the same paragraph. (Revised law No. 61)

(Registrasion)

Article 5-1. JETRO must be registered in accordance with the provisions stipulated in the Cabinet Order.

2. The subject required to be registered in pursuance of the provisions of the above paragraph shall have a regal validity to confront with the third party only after its registration, but not before.

(Limitation of Use of Name)

Article 6. No one except JETRO is granted to use the name of Japan External Trade Organization.

(Application of Civil Code)

Article 7. The provisions of the Article 44 (Capacity of Juridical

Person to commit Illegal Acts) and the Aritcle 50 (Address of Juridical Person) of the Civil Code (Law No. 89, 1896) shall be applied *mutatis mutandis* to JETRO.

Chapter 2. President, Executive Vice-President, Executive Director, Auditor, etc.

(President, Executive Vice-President, Executive Director and Auditor)

Article 8. JETRO shall have one President, one Executive Vice-President, Executive Directors not exceeding seven (7) and Auditors not exceeding two (2) as its executive officers. (Revised Law No. 61)

(Duties and Limits of Competence of President, Executive Vice-President, Executive Director and Auditor)

Article 9-1. The President shall represent JETRO and supervise all of its activities.

2. The Executive Vice-President shall represent JETRO, and shall, following the determination of the President, assist, the President in executing the activities. If any dificulty should happen to the President, the Executive Vice-President shall perform the duty for the President, and if the post of the President should become vacant, the Executive Vice-President shall perform the duty of the President.

3. The Executive Director shall, following the determination of the President, assist the President and the Executive Vice-President in executing the activities of JETRO. If any dificulty should happen to the President and the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director shall perform the duty for the President and the Executive Vice-President, and if the posts of the President and the Executive Vice-President should become vacant, the Executive Director shall perform the duty of them.

4. The Auditor shall audit the activities of JETRO.

(Appointment of President, Executive Vice-President, Executive Director and Auditor)

Article 10-1. The President, the Executive Vice-President and the Auditor shall be appointed by the Minister of International Trade and Industry.

2. The Executive Director shall be appointed by the President with approval of the Minister of International Trade and Industry.

(Term of Office of President, Executive Vice-President, Executive Director and Auditor)

Article 11-1. Each term of office of the President, the Executive Vice-President and the Executive Director shall be four (4) years, and that of the Auditor shall be two (2) years.

However, the term of office of the person who is appointed to fill a vacancy of any post of the officers mentioned above shall be the remainder of his predecessor's term.

2. The President, the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director and the Auditor shall be eligible for reappointment.

(Disqualification Clause concerning Appointment of President, Executive Vice-President, Executive Director and Auditor)

Article 12. Member of the Diet, national public servant (except non-permanent member of administrative councils, commitees, etc., and the one who is occupying similar position), member of assemblies of local public bodies, and chief and regular member of local public bodies shall not be eligible for appointment as the President, the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director and the Auditor.

(Dismissal of President, Executive Vice-President, Executive Director and Auditor)

Article 13-1. If the President, the Executive Vice-President or the Auditor should come to a disqualified according to the provisions of the above article, the Minister of International Trade and Industry would have to release the incumbent from his post.

2. If the Executive Director should come to a disqualified according to the provisions of the above article, the President would have to release the incumbent from his post.

Article 14-1. If the President, the Executive Vice-President or the Auditor should be deemed to be unable to perform his duty due to his mental or physical disability, or if the President, the Executive Vice-President or the Auditor should be recognized to have neglected his obligation in respect to his duty or to have committed an act unfitting to his position, the Minister of International Trade and Industry would be

able to release him form his duty.

2. If the Executive Director should be deemed to be unable to perform his duty due to his mental or physical disability, or if he should be recognized to have neglected his obligation in respect to his duty or to have committed an act unfitting to his position, the President would be able to release him from his duty with approval of the Minister of International Trade and Industry.

(Prohibition of President, Executive Vice-President and Auditor from engaging in Subsidiary Business)

Article 15. The President, the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director and the Auditor are prohibited from becoming a member of executive staff of a corporation established for the object of making a profit, or from engaging himself in a profit-making business. However, if the Minister of International Trade and Industry should grant it with his recognition that holding of such a position as described above or engagement in private business by the President, the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director or the Auditor might not be any interference with performance of his duty in JETRO, it would be an exceptional despite of the provisions in this article.

(Limitation of Rights of Representation)

Article 16. Neither the President nor the Executive Vice-President shall be empowered to represent JETRO concerning a matter, in which his interests may be in conflict with those of JETRO. In such a case, the Auditor shall represent JETRO.

(Designation of Representative)

Article 17. The President may designate from among the Executive directors or the members of the staff of JETRO his representative who shall be empowered to perform every juridical or non-juridical matter concerning the activities at the head office or the branch office of JETRO.

(Operational Council)

Article 18-1. JETRO shall have the Operational Council.

2. The Operational Council shall, in compliance with the President's request, conduct investigation of and deliberate on the important matters regarding the operation of activities of JETRO.

3. The Operational Council may express its opinion to the President with respect to the matters mentioned in the above paragraph.

4. The Operational Council shall consist of memebers not exceeding fifteen (15).

5. A member of the Operational Council shall be appointed by the President from among the persons of learning and experience in the international trades, with approval of the Minister of International Trade and Industry.

6. The term of office of a member of the Operational Council shall be two (2) years.

7. A member of the Operational Council shall be eligible for reappointment.

(Obligation to Keep Secret)

Article 19. The President, the Executive Vice-President, the Director, the Auditor, the member of the staff, the member of the Operational Council of JETRO, or the person who had ever been held any of the positions mentioned above, must not divulge nor make fraudulent use of the secret matter acquired in connection with his duty.

(Status of President, Executive Vice-President, Executive Director, Auditor, and Member of Staff)

Article 20. The President, the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director, the Auditor and the member of the staff of JETRO are deemed to be the officials engaged in the public service in accordance with the laws and regulations with respect to the application to the Penal Code (Law No. 45 promulgated in 1907) and the other rule for punishment.

Chapter 3. Activities

(Scope of Activities)

Article 21-1. JETRO shall execute the following activities in order to attain the objective stipulated in the Article 1.

(1) Researches concerning the international trades, and publicity of a result of researches (including a matter regarding the industrial design).

(2) Rendering the services to introducing and publicizing the industry and merchandise of Japan.

(3) Rendering the services to facilitating the international trade transactions.

(4) Issuance and distribution of the publications concerning the international trade.

(5) Holding of or participating in the exhibitions, the trade fairs and the like, or rendering the services to hold or participate in the same events.

(6) Activities concerning the expansion of international trade, with which JETRO has been entrusted by the Government.

(7) Incidental affairs related to the activities stipulated in the above items.

(8) Besides that prescribed above, any other activities necessary for the purpose of attainment of the objective stipulated in the Article 1.

2. JETRO, however, must obtain an approval of the Minister of International Trade and Industry at the time when it is going to carry out the activities provided for in the item (8) of the preceding paragraph.

(Method of Executing Activities)

Article 22-1. At the beginning of executing the activites, JETRO must determine a method of operation and obtain an approval of the Minister of International Trade and Industry. The same procedure must be exercised as well when JETRO is to change the method.

2. The matters to be provided for in the method of executing the activities stipulated in the above paragraph shall be defined by an ordinance of the Ministry of International Trade and Industry.

Chapter 4. Finance and Accounting

(Year of Activities)

Article 23. The year of activities of JETRO begins on the 1st of April of each year and ends on the 31st of March of the ensuing year.

(Programme of Activities, Financing Plan and Budget for Balance of Payment)

Article 24. Prior to the beginning of each year of activities, JETRO must compile a programme of activities, a financing plan and a budget for balance of payment of each year, and obtain an approval of the Minister of International Trade and Industry. The same procedure must be excercised when JETRO is to change them.

(Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss Accounts, and Settled-Accounts Report)

Article 25. Within five (5) months after the end of each year of activities, JETRO must compile a balance sheet, a statement of profit and loss accounts and a report on settled-accounts of the corresponding year, and submit them together with an opinion of the Auditor, and obtain an acknowledgement of the Minister of International Trade and Industry.

(Disposition of Profit and Loss)

Article 26-1. If there is any profit incurred in a certain year of activities, JETRO must set it to meet a loss carried over from the previous business year, and, if there are still remains, such a surplus amount must be consolidated as a reserve fund.

2. If there is any loss incurred in a certain year of activities, JETRO must coordinate with the reserve fund stipulated in the preceding paragraph by means of reducing the loss amount from it, and, if there is atill deficit, it must be arranged as a loss account to be carried forward.

(Authorization of Loan)

Article 27. If JETRO is to loan, it must obtain an authorization of the Minister of International Trade and Industry.

(Employment of Surplus Funds)

Article 28. JETRO must not employ surplus funds incurred by the activities, except such cases as follows:

(1) Holding of the Government Bonds, and of other securities designated by the Minister of International Trade and Industry (Revised Law

No. 131)

(2) Deposit in the Fund Employment Bureau.

(3) Deposit in a bank or the postal savings.

(4) Set it as a cash-trust with a trust company or a bank engaging in the trust business.

(Limitation of Disposition of Assets)

Article 29. JETRO must obtain an approval of the Minister of International Trade and Industry when it is going to transfer or to offer in security for the important assets designated by an ordinance of the Ministry of International Trade and Industry.

(Standard of Payment for Salary, Wages and Retirement Allowance)

Article 30. JETRO must obtain an approval of the Minister of International Trade and Industry when it is going to establish a standard of payment for salary, wages and retirement allowance of the president, the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director, the Auditor as well as the member of the staff of it. The same procedure must be exercised when JETRO is to change the standard.

(Commitment to Ordinance of Ministry of International Trade and Industry)

Article 31. The necessary matters concerning the finance and accounting of JETRO other than those are provided for in this law and the orders based upon this law shall be defined by an ordinance of the Ministry of International Trade and Industry.

Chapter 5. Supervision

(Supervision)

Article 32-1. JETRO shall be supervised by the Minister of International Trade and Industry.

2. The Minister of International Trade and Industry may give JETRO a necessary order to his supervision concerning the activities of JETRO.

(Report and Inspection)

Article 33-1. The Minister of International Trade and Industry

may, when he deems it necessary for enforcement of this law, require JETRO to submit report on its activity or, order an officer of the ministry to get into the office as well as the other work shop of JETRO for the purpose of inspection of the records, the documents and other articles concerned.

2. The officer, who is going to make a step-in-inspection in accordance with the provisions of the above paragraph, must bear an identification card and show it to the personnel concerned.

3. The authority of executing such a step-in-inspection as provided for in the paragraph 1 should not be interpreted as authorized for a criminal investigation.

Chapter 6. Miscellaneous Provisions

(Consultation with Minister of Finance)

Article 34. The Minister of International Trade and Industry must consult in advance with the Minister of Finance in such cases as follows:

(1) In case of that he is going to approve of the matters stipulated in the Article 24, the Article 27 and the Article 29.

(2) In case of that he is going to authorize the matters stipulated in the Article 25 and the Article 30.

(3) In case of that he is going to designate securities stipulated in the item 1 of the Article 28. (Revised Law No. 131)

(4) In case of that he is going to define such ordinance of the Ministry of International Trade and Industry as stipulated in the item 2 of the Article 22, the Article 29 or the Article 31.

Chapter 7. Penal Provisions

Article 35. A person who may have divulged or made a fraudulent use of the secret matter acquired in connection with his duty, in violation of the provisions stipulated in the Article 19, shall be subject to a punishment by the imprisonment of not exceeding one (1) year or, by the fine not exceeding ¥30,000.

Article 36. Should some one have neglected to submit a report

or, made a false report or, refused or, obstructed or evaded against the inspection in violation of the provisions stipulated in the paragraph 1 of the Article 33, the President, the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director, the Auditor, or the member of the staff of JETRO, who is liable for such violation, shall be subject to a punishment by the fine not exceeding ¥50,000.

Article 37. Should some one have committed a violation comes under any of the following categories, the President, the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director, the Auditor or the member of the staff of JETRO, who is liable for such violation, shall be subject to a punishment by the fine not exceeding ¥30,000.

(1) In case of that it is due necessary to obtain an approval or authorization of the Minister of International Trade and Industry in conforminity with the provisions stipulated in this law, if JETRO should fail to do so.

(2) Should JETRO have neglected to register in violation of the Cabinet Order provided in the paragraph 1 of the Article 5.

(3) Should JETRO have executed any activities other than those stipulated in the paragraph 1 of the Article 21.

(4) Should JETRO have employed surplus funds incurred by the activities in violation of the provisions of the Article 28.

(5) Should JETRO have violated the order stipulated in the paragraph 2 of the Article 32.

Article 38. A person who may have violated the provisions of the Article 6 shall be subject to the fine not exceeding ¥10,000.

Supplementary provisions

(Effective Date)

Article 1. This law shall be effective on the date of its promulgation.

(Establishment of JETRO)

Article 2-1. The Minister of International Trade and Industry nominates persons who will be appointed the President, the Executive Vice-

President and the Auditor of JETRO, in conformity with the provisions stipulated in the paragraph 1 of the Article 10.

2. The persons who are nominated to the posts of President, Executive Vice-President and Auditor in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph shall be deemed to be appointed the President, the Executive Vice-President and the Auditor respectively, at the time when JETRO is established, in pursuance of the provisions stipulated in this law.

Article 3. The Minister of International Trade and Industry appoints members of the Committee for Establishment, and he shall let them manage the matters concerning the establishment of JETRO.

Article 4-1. The Member of the Committee for Establishment must, without delay, request the Government for the payment of the amount of its investment.

2. The Member of the Committee for Establishment must transfer his official business to the person nominated to be the President in conformity with the provisions stipulated in the paragraph 1 of the Article 2 of the Supplementary Provisions, on the date when the payment of the amount of investment is made.

Article 5. The person who is nominated to the President in accordance with the provisions stipulated in the paragraph 1 of the Aricle 2 of the Supplementary Provisions must register, without delay, the establishment of JETRO in pursuance of the provisions stipulated in the Cabinet Order, upon his succession of the official business prescribed in the preceding article.

Article 6. JETRO shall come into existence upon the registration of its establishment.

(Succession to activities of Japan External Trade Recovery Organization)

Article 7-1. Japan External Trade Recovery Organization, a juridical person (hereinafter referred to Organization in this article), established on the 28th of February 1951, shall be dissolved at the time

when JETRO is established, and all of the rights and obligations of the Organization shall be taken over by JETRO at that time. In this case, the provisions concerning the dissolution and liquidation of the juridical person stipulated in other laws and regulations shall not be applicable.

2. In case of having taken over the rights and obligations of the Organization in accordance with the provisions stipulated in the above paragraph, JETRO must save up, as a reserve capital fund, an amount equivalent to a balance deducted a valued amount of the debts from a valued amount of the assets.

3. When the registration of establishment is completed by JETRO in accordance with the provisions stipulated in the Article 5 of the Supplementary Provisions, the registration officer must register ex officio, dissolution of the Organization, and close its registration formalities.

(Transitionary Provisions)

Article 8-1. A person, who is using the name of Japan External Trade Organization at the time when this law is put into force, must change its name within the period of six (6) months after the enforcement of this law.

2. The provisions stipulated in the Article 6 shall not be applicable to the person coming under the provisions stipulated in the above paragraph during the period provided for in the same paragraph.

Article 9. Notwithstanding the provisions stipulated in the Article 23, the first year of activities of JETRO shall begin on the day of its establishment, and shall end on the 31st of March 1959.

Article 10. Concerning the programme of activities, financing plan and budget for balance of payment for the first year of JETRO, the terms "Prior to the beginning of each year of activities" in the Article 24 shall be changed to read "Without delay after its establishment."

(Revision of Law on Resistration Tax)

Article 11. A part of the Law on Registration Tax (Law No. 27, 1896) shall be revised as follows:

The terms "Japan External Trade Organization" and "the Law concerning Japan External Trade Organization" shall be added respectively to follow after the terms "the Agency for the Promotion of Public Welfare" and "the Law conerning the Establishment of the Agency for the Promotion of Public Welfare" in the paragraph 7 of the Article 19.

(Revision of Stamp Law)

Article 12. A part of the Stamp Law (Law No. 54, 1899) shall be revised as follows:

A phrase reading "6-3-2. Certificates and documents issued by the Japan External Trade Organization." shall be added to the item 6-3 of the Article 5.

(Revision of Law on Income Tax)

Article 13. A part of the law on Income Tax (Law No. 27, 1947) shall be revised as follows:

The terms "Japan External Trade Organization" shall be added to follow after the terms "the Agency for the Promotion of Private Schools" in the item 10 of the paragraph 1 of the Article 3.

(Revision of Corporation Tax Law)

Article 14. A Part of the Corporation Tax Law (Law No. 28, 1947) shall be revised as follows:

The terms "Japan External Trade Organization" shall be added to follow after the terms "the Agency for the promotion of Public Welfare" in the item 3 of the Article 4.

(Revision of Local Tax Law)

Article 15. A part of Local Tax Law (Law No. 226, 1950) shall be revised as follws:

The terms "Japan External Trade Organization" shall be added to follow after tha terms "the Agency for the Promotion of the Public Welfare" in the item 4-1-3 of the Article 72.

NOTE:

(Incidental Resolution of the House of Representatives)

1. As the President, the Executive Vice-President, the Executive Director, the Auditor and the member of the Operational Council, civilians with proficiency should be requested to assume those posts as many as possible, and adequate attention should be paid to the activities of JETRO, so as to not fall into the bureaucratic management.

2. Concerning the overseas activities of JETRO, organic contact with the overseas diplomatic missions and closer relation with the commercial firms abroad are to be maintained without fail.

3. The Government must be very careful not to interrupt smooth operation of activities of JETRO at the time when it approves of the manipulation of funds and supervises the activities, in viewpoint of the mobility of international trade's promotional activities being executed by JETRO.

4. JETRO must engage, without fail, in the activities concerning the guidance of and the assistance to the domestic smaller and medium enterprisers who are producing such merchandise as may be possible to export abroad, so as to have them furthermore intensified with their export mind.

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U.S. Department of Justice
Washington, DC 20530

Exhibit B
To Registration Statement
Under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended

OMB No. 1105-0007

INSTRUCTIONS: A registrant must furnish as an Exhibit B copies of each written agreement and the terms and conditions of each oral agreement with his foreign principal, including all modifications of such agreements; or, where no contract exists, a full statement of all the circumstances, by reason of which the registrant is acting as an agent of a foreign principal. This form shall be filed in duplicate for each foreign principal named in the registration statement and must be signed by or on behalf of the registrant.

Name of Registrant	Name of Foreign Principal
JETRO, Atlanta	Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO)

Check Appropriate Boxes:

1. [ ] The agreement between the registrant and the above-named foreign principal is a formal written contract. If this box is checked, attach two copies of the contract to this exhibit.

2. [ ] There is no formal written contract between the registrant and foreign principal. The agreement with the above-named foreign principal has resulted from an exchange of correspondence. If this box is checked, attach two copies of all pertinent correspondence, including a copy of any initial proposal which has been adopted by reference in such correspondence.

3. [X] The agreement or understanding between the registrant and foreign principal is the result of neither a formal written contract nor an exchange of correspondence between the parties. If this box is checked, give a complete description below of the terms and conditions of the oral agreement or understanding, its duration, the fees and the expenses, if any, to be received.

See the attached copy of the Law Concerning the Establishment of the Japan External Trade Organization and see item 4 below.

4. Describe fully the nature and method of performance of the above indicated agreement or understanding.

JETRO, Atlanta is simply a branch office of JETRO, Japan. As such, it has no "agreement" or "understanding" with JETRO, Japan, its foreign principal. The branch office makes suggestions on appropriate policy and methods to the head office. Decisions of the head office are carried out by the branch office. Personnel are assigned to the branch office from the head office for tours of duty lasting several years. The branch office may also hire local support staff. The necessary funds for operating the branch office are recommended by the branch office and, to the extent approved by the head office, are remitted by it to the branch office. The branch office receives no fees.

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5. Describe fully the activities the registrant engages in or proposes to engage in on behalf of the above foreign principal.

Conduct research in matters concerning foreign trade between Japan and the United States and report the results thereof: disseminate information to strengthen U.S.-Japan economic relations, issue and distribute publication on foreign trade: conduct, participate in or assist conducting trade exhibitions, displays, shows, fairs, and similar events.

6. Will the activities on behalf of the above foreign principal include political activities as defined in Section 1(o) of the Act?[1]
Yes ☒ No ☐

If yes, describe all such political activities indicating, among other things, the relations, interests or policies to be influenced together with the means to be employed to achieve this purpose.

(Same as 5)

Date of Exhibit B	Name and Title	Signature
Nov. 20, 1987	Shusaku Hirano, Executive Dir.	Shusaku Hirano

[1]Political activity as defined in Section 1(o) of the Act means the dissemination of political propaganda and any other activity which the person engaging therein believes will, or which he intends to, prevail upon, indoctrinate, convert, induce, persuade, or in any other way influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to formulating, adopting, or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States or with reference to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.